

Setting up a new farm for grazing to produce more milk from grass





Charles Crosse

Description of the innovation









- Grazing management system
- Setting up a new farm for grazing to produce more milk from grass
- Focusing on higher production and lower costs
- Sourcing land and building grazing infrastructure, building soil fertility and managing grass
- Inceased overall milk solids, increasing output, Increasing cow numbers
- Cash flow is an issue when breeding stock from own herd
- **Economic results**
- Discussion groups



Increased milk sales



Focusing on increasing production and lowering costs

- Support two family incomes
- Grass measuring (eye-ball)
- Pasturebase Ireland



Farm description

ENVIRONMENT

Soil type: Clay-loam

Climate type: temperate oceanic climate

Agricultural area (ha UAA): 100

Average stocking rate (agriculture area)

(LU/ha UAA): 2.95

Altitude: Variation across the farm (250m)

Slope: Variation across the farm (20%)

GRASSLAND MANAGEMENT

Grazing: Yes

Grazing management type: Rotational

Farm type: Specialist milk production

Annual work units (AWU): 2

Main animal type: Dairy

Number of animals (heads): 400

Total Livestock unit (LU): 306

Breed type 1: Fr*Je

Breed type 2: Fr

ANIMAL PERFORMANCE

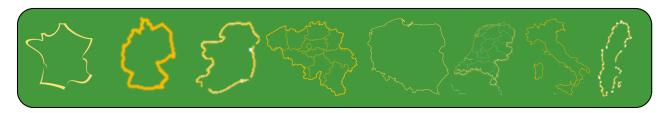
Milk production per head (I/year/dairy

animal) 4700

WHY IT IS WORKING

- Setting up a new farm for grazing to produce more milk from grass
- Bought and leased land, expanded using own stock. Installation of paddocks, access points, soil fertility water troughs etc.
- Inceased overall milk solids, increasing output, increasing cow numbers
- Increasing milk sales, greater output from farm
- Economic results
- Discussion groups
- PastureBase Ireland

Ireland



Domains of innovation

Grass, paddocks, strip grazing (spring)



Dairy Cow

