

CONTEXT PROFILE

 THE NETHERLANDS



FARMER
Rudi de Wilde



INNOVATION
Efficient cow fetching using Border Collie herding techniques



[Video](#)



MAIN DOMAIN OF THE INNOVATION
Workload reduction



SOIL TYPE
Sand



FINANCE/INVESTMENT
Low



AGROCLIMATIC AREA
Atlantic central



MANAGEMENT
Pasture dairy



MARKET
Global



CLIMATE
Moderate rainfall



TECHNICAL
Difficult



SOCIAL
Full-time farmer

CONTEXT PROFILE

THE NETHERLANDS

Case Study: NL_09	Agroclimatic Zone								
Item (Key Innovation Elements)	Alpine	Atlantic Central	Atlantic North	Atlantic South	Boreal	Continental North	Continental South	Mediterranean North	Mediterranean South
Integration of automatic milking with grazing practices	+++	+++	+++	+++	+++	+++	+++	+++	+++
Utilising a trained dog for efficient cattle herding	+++	+++	+++	+++	+++	+++	+++	+++	+++
Cost-effective labour management through streamlined processes	+++	+++	+++	+++	+++	+++	+++	+++	+++

+++ Strong transferability ++ Slightly limited transferability + Very limited transferability ✕ Generic information/not relevant

Implementation Gaps

- Limited availability of grassland near the farm
- Access to a suitable dog

Research Gaps

- Evaluating the long-term impact of herding dogs on cattle welfare, milk yield, and overall productivity
- Exploring possibilities of virtual electronic herding

Suggestions to Adapt

- Use other dog breeds, depending on availability in different regions

COST-BENEFIT ANALYSIS

INVESTMENT COSTS

Total initial investment costs at start up:	low
• Initial authorisation costs (e.g. sanitary, veterinary, etc.)	not applicable/not known
• Initial advisory costs	low
• Initial buildings and machineries	low
• Initial certification costs	not applicable/not known
• Initial working capital (personal qualification, marketing and promotion, etc.)	low

ON-GOING COSTS

On-going advisory costs	not applicable/not known
On-going certification costs	not applicable/not known
On-going buildings and machinery costs	low
On-going working capital	low

BENEFITS RELATIVE TO ORIGINAL SYSTEM

◦ Economic

Reduction in energy consumption (electricity; fuel consumption)	not applicable/not known
Reduction in input use (fertilizers; pesticides; feed) etc.	not applicable/not known
Payback period	not applicable/not known
Product value added	not applicable/not known
Additional farm income through agroecological/agri-environmental payment schemes	not applicable/not known

◦ Environmental

Animal feed self-sufficiency increase	not applicable/not known
Biodiversity increase	not applicable/not known
Improved nitrogen cycling	not applicable/not known
Soil regeneration	not applicable/not known
Animal health and welfare improvement	not applicable/not known

◦ Social

Workload reduction	none or low
Engagement of young generation	none or low

Literature

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